Sparse Matrix Compression Primitives With OpenCL Framework to Support Halide

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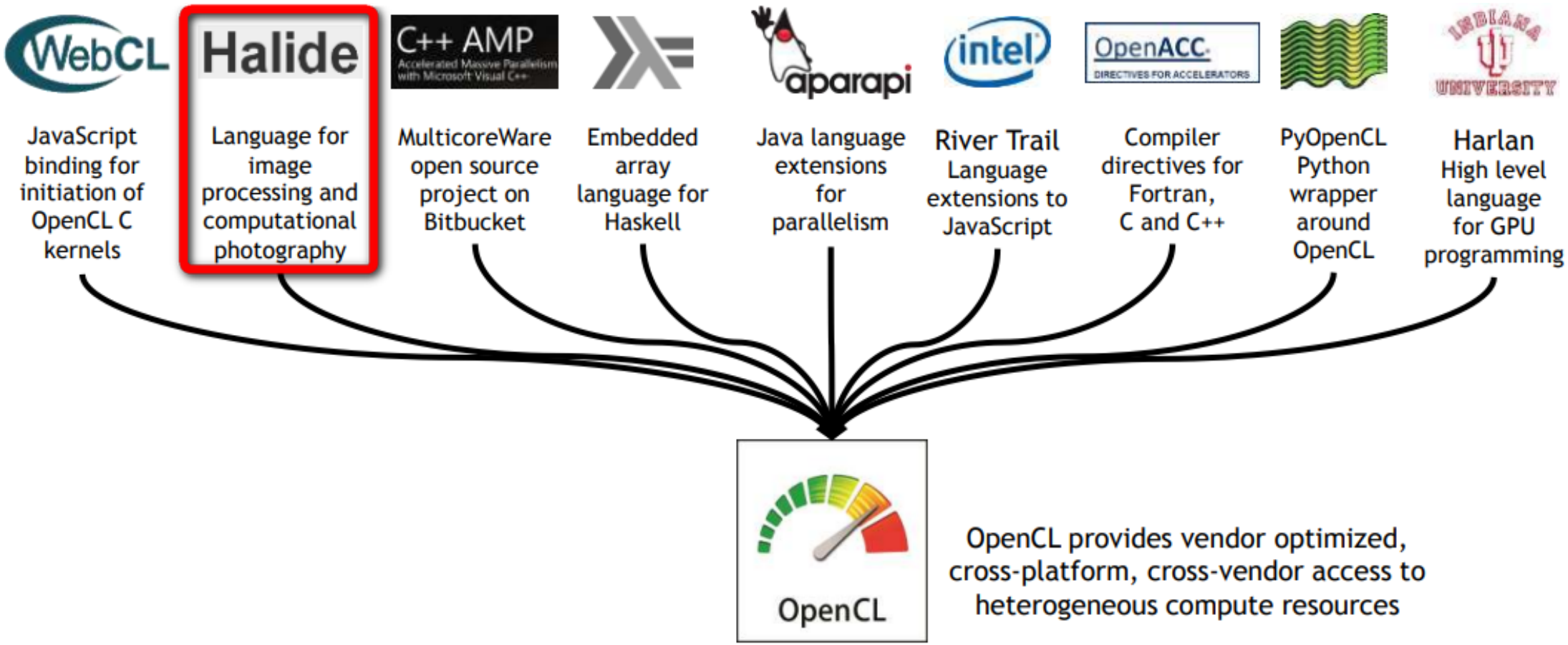
Outline

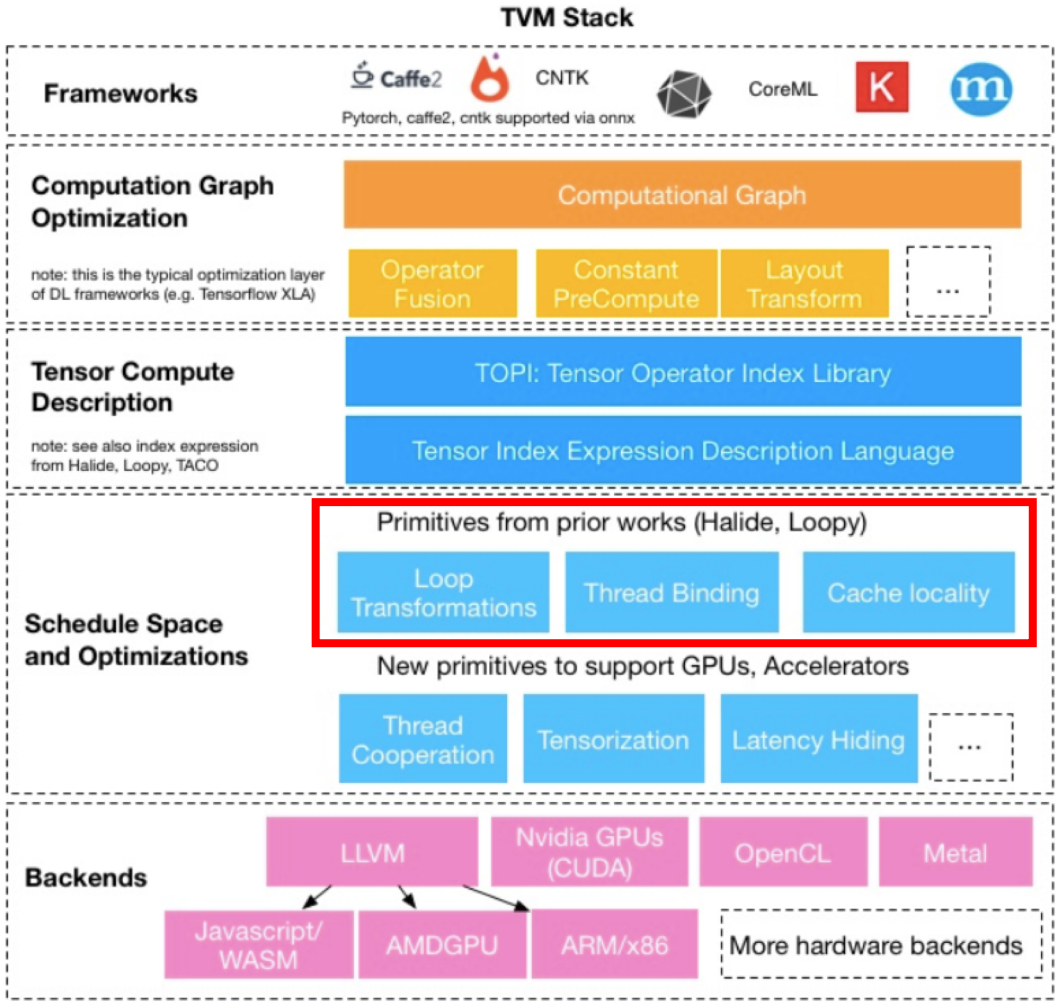
- Background
- Halide overview
- Our Design in OpenCL with Halide
- Conclusion

Background



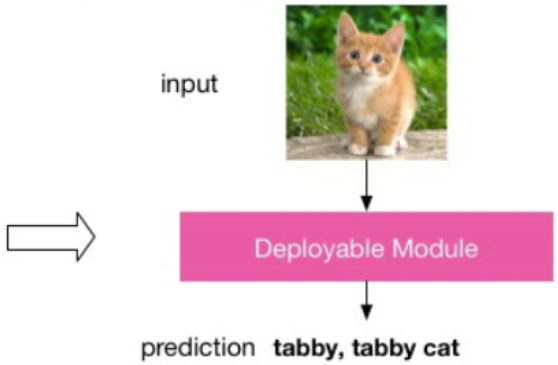
Courtesy of Khronos, SIGGRAPH, Vancouver 2014

Halide in TVM



Runtime: Lightweight and Cross Platform

```
module = runtime.create(graph, lib, tvm.gpu(0))
module.set_input(**params)
module.run(data=data_array)
output = tvm.nd.empty(out_shape, ctx=tvm.gpu(0))
module.get_output(0, output)
```



Deploy Languages and Platforms

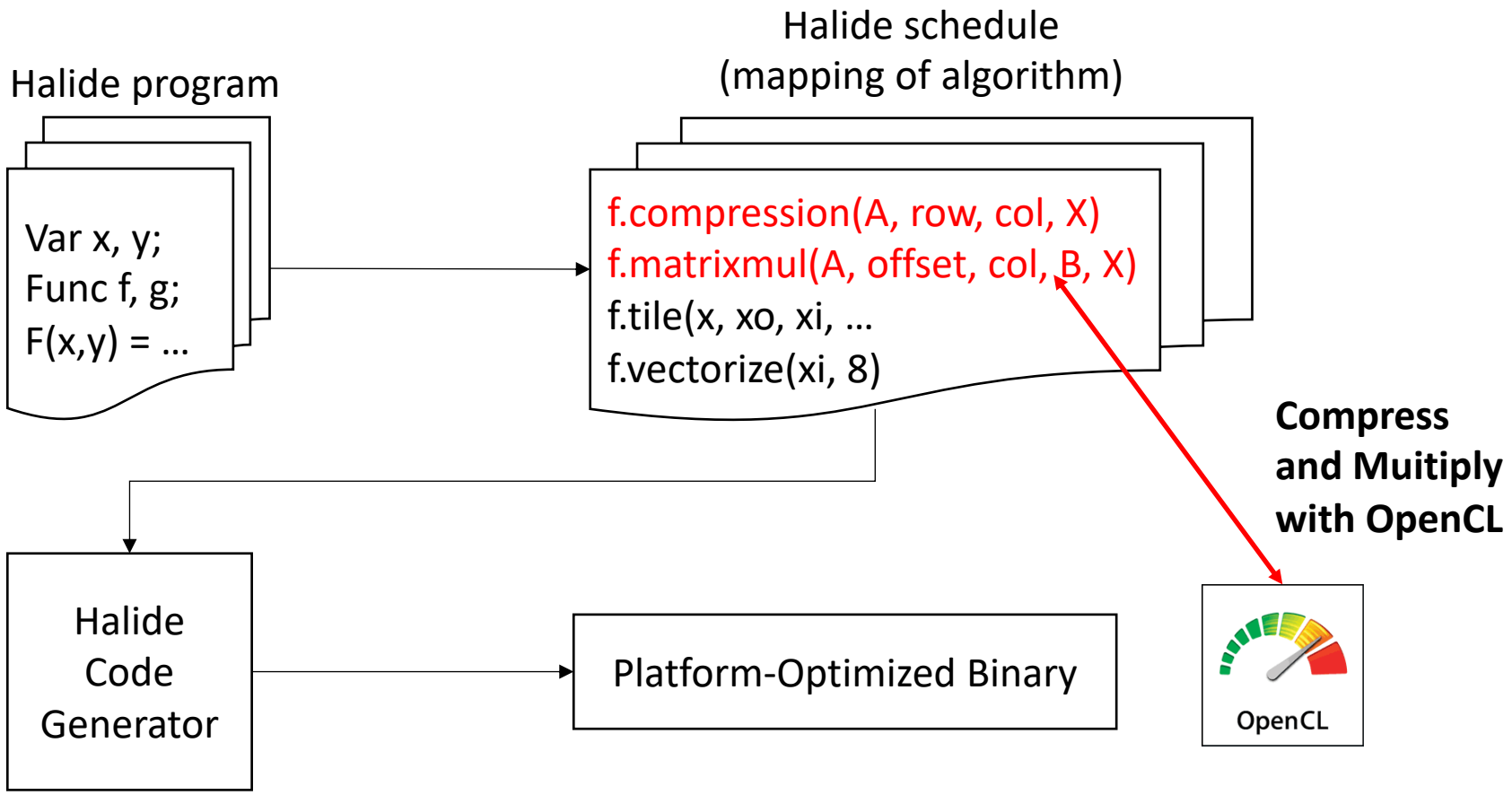
Source: https://tvm.ai/

Halide and Halide IR

```
1  Func blur_3x3(Func input) {
2    Func blur_x, blur_y;
3    Var x, y, xi, yi;
4
5    // The algorithm - no storage or order
6    blur_x(x, y) = (input(x-1, y) + input(x, y) + input(x+1, y))/3;
7    blur_y(x, y) = (blur_x(x, y-1) + blur_x(x, y) + blur_x(x, y+1))/3;
8
9    // The schedule - defines order, locality; implies storage
10   blur_y.tile(x, y, xi, yi, 256, 32)
11         .vectorize(xi, 8).parallel(y);
12   blur_x.compute_at(blur_y, x).vectorize(x, 8);
13
14   return blur_y;
15 }
```

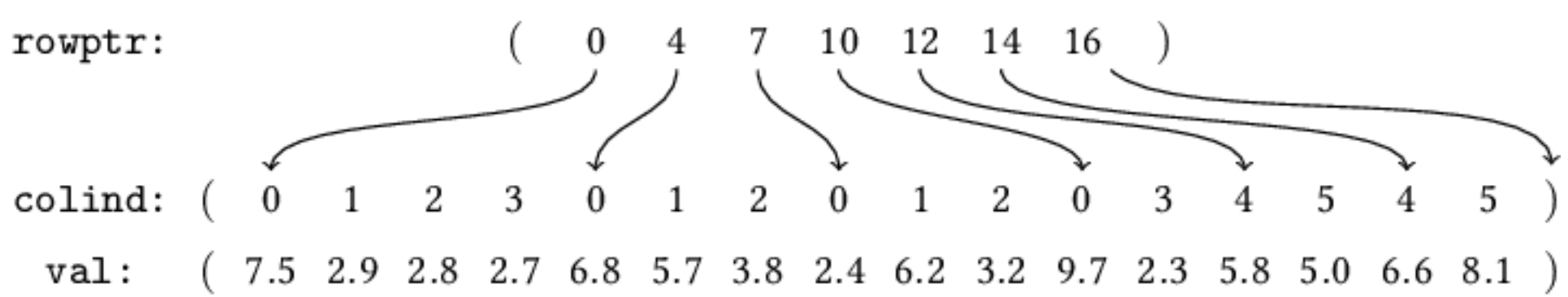
Reference: Halide – a language for fast portable portable computation on images and tensor

The Flow for SPMM Enabled in Halide with OpenCL



CSR

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 7.5 & 2.9 & 2.8 & 2.7 & 0 & 0 \\ 6.8 & 5.7 & 3.8 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 2.4 & 6.2 & 3.2 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 9.7 & 0 & 0 & 2.3 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 5.8 & 5.0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 6.6 & 8.1 \end{pmatrix}$$



Our Sparse GEMM in Halide

```
1  Halide::Buffer<int> row_ptr;
2  Halide::Buffer<int> col_idx;
3  Halide::Buffer<double> X;
4
5  Func compress;
6  compress(x, y) = 0;
7  compress.compression_csr(A, row_ptr, col_idx, X);
8  compress.realize(A.width(), A.height());
9
10 Halide::Buffer<double>C(B.width(), A.height());
11 Func mult;
12 mult(x,y) = cast<double>(0);
13 mult.computation_csr(A, row_ptr, col_idx, X, B, C);
14 mult.realize(B.width(), A.height());
```

SPMM Parallelization in Halide with OpenCL Kernel

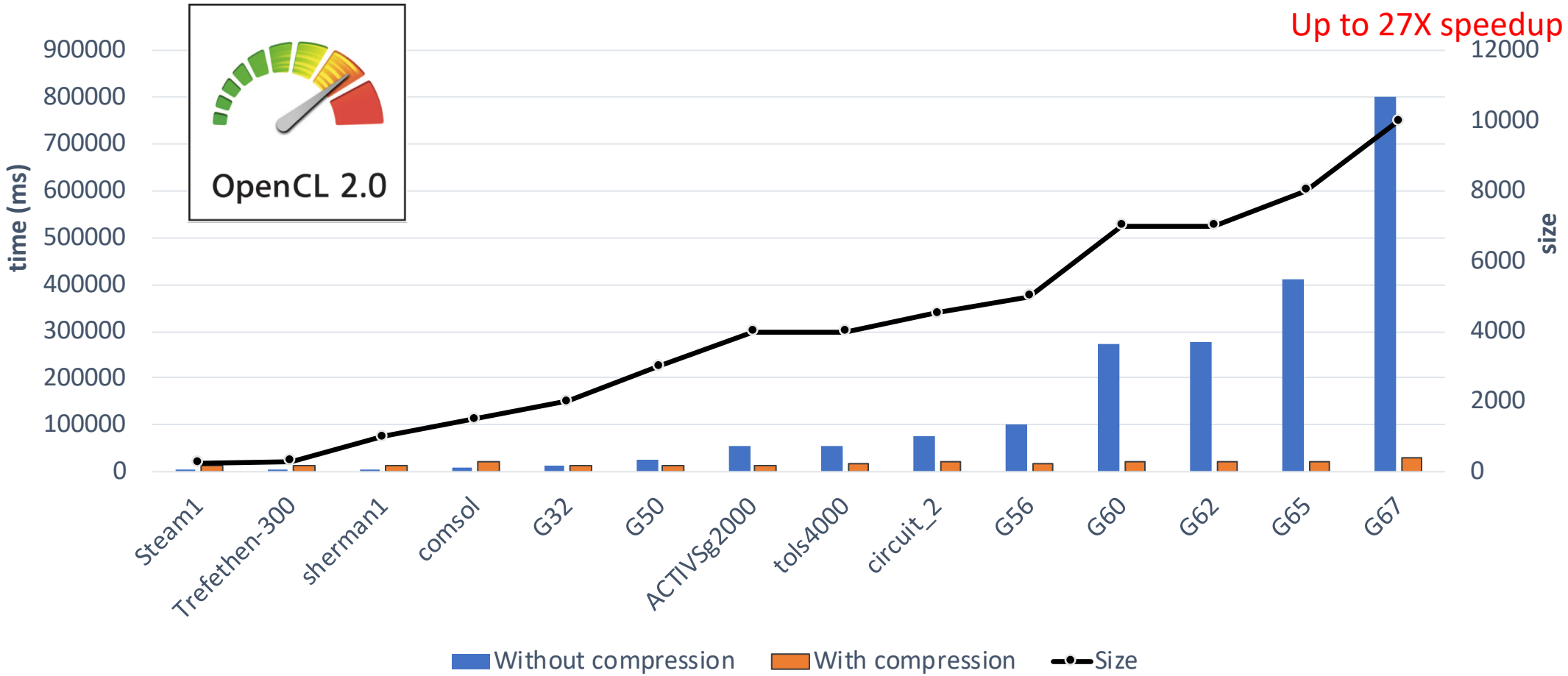
```
1  gpu_block<OpenCL> (f5.s1.r27$z.r30.__block_id_y, 0, 500) {
2    gpu_block<OpenCL> (f5.s1.r27$x.idxxo.__block_id_x, 0, 500) {
3      gpu_thread<OpenCL> (.__thread_id_y, 0, 8) {
4        gpu_thread<OpenCL> (.__thread_id_x, 0, 8) {
5          let f5.s1.r27$y.prologue.s = b20[((f5.s1.r27$x.idxxo.__block_id_x*8)
               + .__thread_id_x)]
6          let f5.s1.r27$y.epilogue.s =
               max(b20[((f5.s1.r27$x.idxxo.__block_id_x*8) + .__thread_id_x)],
               b20[(((f5.s1.r27$x.idxxo.__block_id_x*8) + .__thread_id_x) +
               1)])
7          let f5.s1.r27$y.new_min.s =
               min(b20[((f5.s1.r27$x.idxxo.__block_id_x*8) + .__thread_id_x)],
               max(min(f5.s1.r27$y.prologue.s, 28505), 0))
8          let f5.s1.r27$y.new_max.s =
               max(min(b20[(((f5.s1.r27$x.idxxo.__block_id_x*8) +
               .__thread_id_x) + 1)], max(min(f5.s1.r27$y.prologue.s, 28505),
               0)), f5.s1.r27$y.new_min.s)
9          let t148 = (f5.s1.r27$z.r30.__block_id_y*8)
```

Halide

SPMM Parallelization in Halide with OpenCL Kernel

```
1  __kernel void kernel_f5_s1_r27_z_r30___block_id_y(
2   const int _f5_stride_1,
3   const int _t143,
4   __address_space__b0 const double *restrict _b0,
5   __address_space__b22 const double *restrict _b22,
6   __address_space__f5 double *restrict _f5,
7   __address_space__b20 const int *restrict _b20,
8   __address_space__b21 const int *restrict _b21,
9   __address_space___shared int16* __shared)
10 {
11  int _f5_s1_r27__z_r30___block_id_y = get_group_id(1);
12  int _f5_s1_r27__x_idxxo___block_id_x = get_group_id(0);
13  int ___thread_id_y = get_local_id(1);
14  int ___thread_id_x = get_local_id(0);
15  int _55 = _f5_s1_r27__x_idxxo___block_id_x * 8;
16  int _56 = _55 + ___thread_id_x;
17  int _57 = _b20[_56];
18  int _58 = _56 + 1;
19  int _59 = _b20[_58];
20  int _60 = max(_57, _59);
21  int _61 = min(_57, 28505);
22  int _62 = max(_61, 0);
23  int _63 = min(_57, _62);
24  int _64 = min(_59, _62);
25  int _65 = max(_64, _63);
26  int _66 = _f5_s1_r27__z_r30___block_id_y * 8;
27  ...
```

Sparse Matrix Compress and Multiplication with Halide / OpenCL



Conclusion

- Matrix compression CSR in Halide with OpenCL
- Exploit the opportunities of optimizing GEMM convolution layers with sparse matrix compression

Thank you